

Medica's 18 key quality-of-care priorities for 2016

Quality measure		Description
1.	Antidepressant medication management, 6-month continuation	Percentage of members 18 years of age and older with a diagnosis of depression, treated with antidepressant medication and on the medication for at least 6 months
2.	Avoidance of antibiotic in adults with bronchitis	Percentage of adults 18-64 years of age with a diagnosis of acute bronchitis that were not dispensed an antibiotic
3.	Breast cancer screening	Percentage of women 52-74 years of age who had a mammogram any time from Oct. 1, 2015, through Dec. 31, 2016, or two years prior to the measurement year
4.	Chlamydia screening in women	Percentage of women 16-24 years of age who were identified as sexually active and who had at least 1 test for chlamydia during the measurement year
5.	Colorectal screening	Percentage of members 51-75 years of age who had a colorectal screening (<i>Cologuard does not count for this measurement</i>)
6.	Diabetes – HgbA1c	Percentage of members 18-75 years of age with diabetes type 1 or 2 who had an acceptable HgbA1c (<i>test >9.0% is considered poor control</i>)
7.	Diabetes – nephropathy screening	Percentage of members 18-75 years of age with diabetes type 1 or 2 who had a screening
8.	Emergency Room utilization	Emergency department rate per 1,00 member months during the measurement year
9.	High-risk medications	Members 66 years of age and older who receive at least 2 high-risk medications
10.	Hospital admission rate	Hospital admission rate per 1,000 member months in the measurement year
11.	Hospital re-admission rate	Percentage of readmissions within 30 days of discharge for any diagnosis in the measurement year
12.	Osteoporosis management in women with a fracture	Women 67-85 years of age who have suffered a fracture and who had either a bone mineral density test or a prescription for a drug to treat or prevent osteoporosis in the 6 months after the fracture
13.	Well-child visits in first 15 months of life	Percentage of members who turned 15 months of age during the measurement year and had 6 or more well-child visits during the first 15 months of life
14.	Care for older adults	The percentage of adults 66 years of age and older who have each of the following indicated in their medical chart: Functional status assessment, pain screening, medication review, and evidence of advance care planning (such as a discussion about preferences for resuscitation, life-sustaining treatment or other end-of-life care)
15.	Follow-up with children prescribed medications for attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	Percentage of children 6-12 years of age with a newly prescribed ADHD medication, who remained on the medication for at least 210 days & who, in addition to the visit during the initiation phase, had at least 2 follow-up visits with a practitioner within 9 months after the initiation phase
16.	Getting needed care – composite	Composite of: Ease of getting necessary care, tests or treatment; and getting appointment with specialists as soon as needed
17.	Medication therapy management	Percentage of adults of Medicare age with adherence issues that have received an outreach intervention: a face-to-face consultation or a consultation with an in-house pharmacist team
18.	Reducing the risk of falls	Percentage of members 65 years of age or older with a problem falling, walking or balancing who discussed this with their provider and got treatment during the year